

Board of Education Members

- Dana Moraes, Board Chairperson
- Roeland Denooij, Vice-Chairperson
- Wilson Brown, Trustee
- Ashley Currie, Trustee
- Miranda Post, Trustee





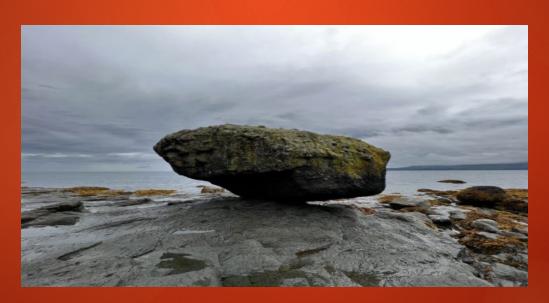






The Budget Process

In March of each year, the Ministry of Education provides the amounts that school boards will receive for the coming year. Per the school act, school boards are required to balance their budgets by June 30.



The Budget Process

\$11.2 million, and the district is committed to using these funds as responsibly and effectively as possible.



The Budget Process

Haida Gwaiis school district has a unique set of needs when it comes to what is required to best support our students and communities. To ensure we continue to support all students, the board has developed its draft Strategic Plan. The plan sets direction and identifies the school districts goals.



Draft Strategic Plan

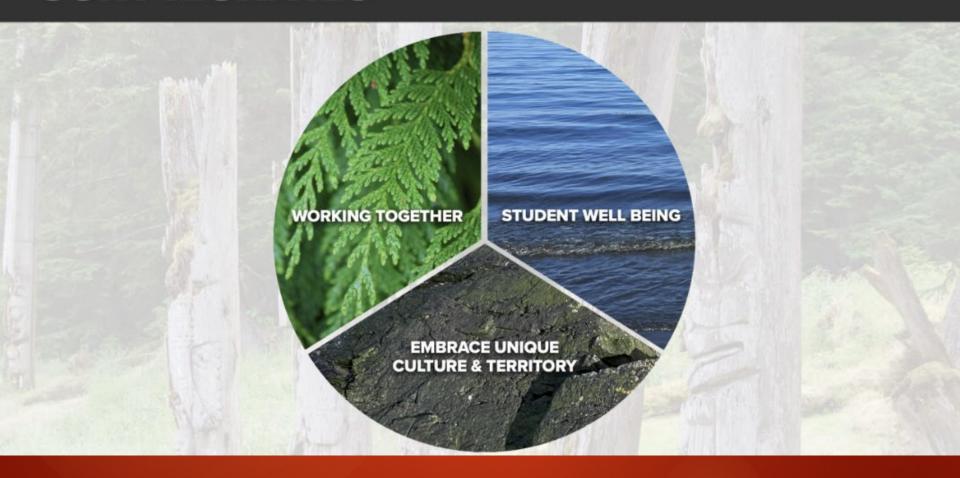
OURVSOR

A compassionate, inclusive education community that fosters Haida culture, dignity, respect reciprocity, resilience, and personal success for all students.

OUR MISSION

We honour reconciliation and the values of the people of Haida Gwaii, respecting Haida Laws, in support of success for every student.

OUR PRIORITIES



Survey Questions Recap

- Survey opened on March 1 and closed on March17
- 38 respondents

Survey Questions Recap

- Very short survey 3 questions
- Main question rank the following:

Mental Health and Well-Being
Staff Allocation to Support All Students
Equitable access to learning
opportunities to serve our students,
including Indigeneous Education.
Student Sucess
Human Rights
Modernization and Accessibiliy
Pandemic Recovery
Parent Engagement and Student Voice
Professional Development
Early Years

Survey Questions Recap

- Two additional questions:
- 2. For those areas selected as most important, please explain why they are considered a high priority for the 2023-24 school year.
- ➤ 3. Please list any other high priority budget drivers not listed and why they should be considered as part of the 2023-24 budget process.

Budget Drivers (Priorities)

9

Total Participants

38



Completed

38



Staff Allocation to Support All Students

Student Success

Mental Health and Well-Being

Equitable access to learning opportunities to serve our students, including Indigenous Education.

Early Years

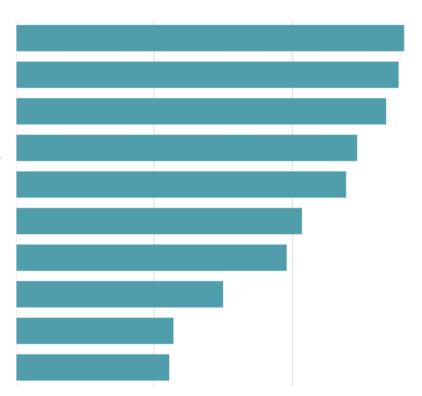
Modernization and Accessibility

Human Rights

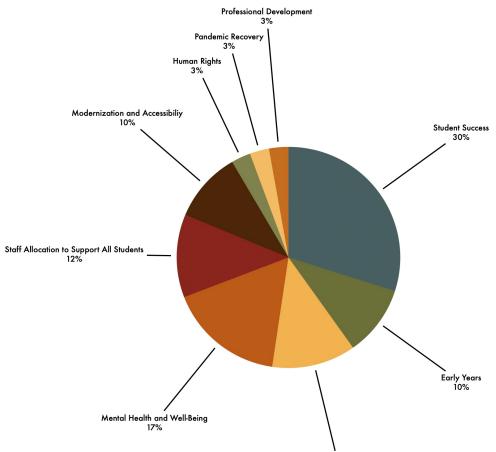
Parent Engagement and Student Voice

Pandemic Recovery

Professional Development

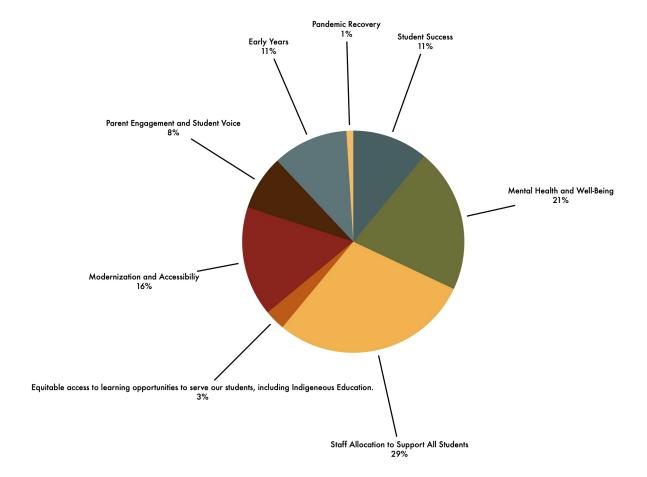


Selected as Priority number one

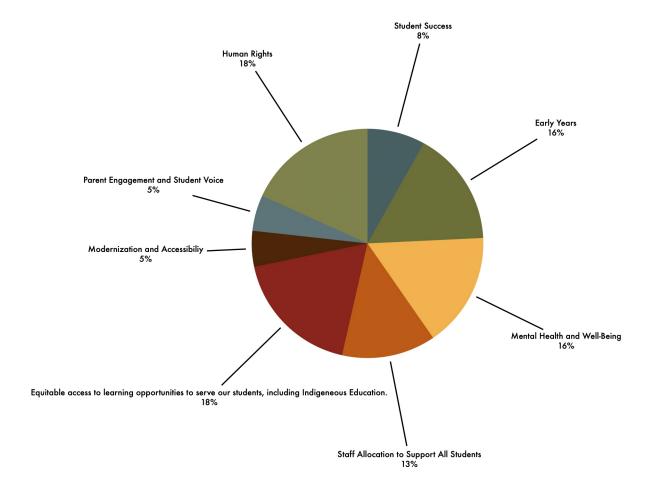


Equitable access to learning opportunities to serve our students, including Indigeneous Education. 12%

Selected as Priority number two



Selected as Priority number three



Staff Allocation to Support All Students

Student Success

Mental Health and Well-Being

Equitable access to learning opportunities to serve our students, including Indigenous Education.

Early Years

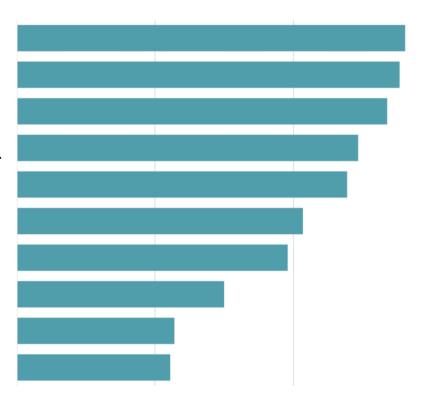
Modernization and Accessibility

Human Rights

Parent Engagement and Student Voice

Pandemic Recovery

Professional Development



For areas selected as "most important" please explain why they are considered high priority for the 2023-24 school year.

I believe that harnessing technology will give us the opportunity to fill gaps in our classroom capabilities and bring resources to the island virtually that our students may not have access to otherwise.

There is little to no access to Certified Counsellors for most of the students!

There are large classrooms with a high rate of students requiring extra support to meet their learning needs, which is negatively impacting both teaching and learning! It is time to be progressive and follow the REAL needs of students and NOT the narrow-minded requirements of the Ministry, who have NO idea what teaching is really like!

Investment in the early years has life long payouts for those young humans and our society at large

This district needs a daycare for retention of essential professional workers and strong community.

Student success has having positive, happy, learning experiences at school. Not about grades

I think it is important to keep the one-to-one program going. The one-to-one program allow students to have access to their own iPad device, which can be customized to suit their individual learning needs. This allows students to learn at their own pace and in a style that suits them best. It also provides students with easy access to vast amounts of information and resources, making it easier for them to research and learn about a variety of topics even when living in a remote community. It also can help students with disabilities or special needs to access educational materials and participate in classroom activities. Text-to-speech software, for example, can help special needs students to read text, while speech recognition software can help students

Early education is important because it lays the foundation for a child's future academic and social success. It helps children develop essential cognitive, language, and social skills, as well as a love for learning. Early education also helps identify and address any developmental delays or learning difficulties early on, which can improve outcomes in the long run. Additionally, it can promote positive attitudes towards education and increase the likelihood of future academic achievement. Overall, early education provides a critical head start for children and can have a significant impact on their future academic and social success.

Accessibility for all

Many factors including COVID, have led to students falling behind academically. Supports need to be in place for all students to be successful including access to current resources and tools for our neurodivergent students.

Creating space and support for the early years to help them grow and establish themselves ie/junior kindergarten

Student success determines future employment. If not successful, or not having or lacking the proper skills, they will not achieve required certification for trades, college, etc. If students with exceptionalities are not on adaptive learning programs how is their success measured to ensure they have the skills required to gain employment after grade 12. Sports, academics, electives such as shop and Foods are all important skill sets. Nutrition, activities, sports, clubs, are important for mental health and well being. So food provided, after school sports and programs are important as well as having rcmp and medical professionals come to the schools and educate kids on drugs, inclusion, healthy habits. Counselling is important. Early years are very important as parent involvement happens more in the earlier years as well, Strong start is a great start.

I think it's important to staff schools appropriately given student needs.

Otherwise we end up with burnout in teachers and students needs not being met. If we want student success we need to staff appropriately.

Children' mental health was the largest secondary impact of the pandemic that as a larger system was not planned for nor addressed. We have catch up work to do to build SEL capacity and re-engage children who were isolated & unsupported over the past few years. That includes supporting teachers so they know how to meet students SEL & MH needs.

Student success and staff allocation go hand in hand. It's important to attract and retain local and off island, qualified teachers. Mental health and staff allocation go hand in hand as well.

Student Success—-everything else is in place to support this. This is why we are here. Staff allocation to support students: would like to see more specialists available for more students for more time: SLP, reading specialists, numeracy specialists, counsellors.

Most important to consider all learning styles and environments for learning. Hopefully there could be more opportunities for outdoor education and bringing in community members and field trips to learn what's going on across Haida Gwaii.

I do think all of these should be priorities it's very hard to pick which should be the highest.

All students should have access to equal opportunities in education.

The goal of education is to provide students with the knowledge and skills to be successful after graduation.

It seems we are in a mental health crisis that is affecting the majority of our population. With the high cost of accessing proper resources, many families don't have the tools required to support their children.

student mental health has been negativity affected by the pandemic and many of our students are struggling like never before. This also affects staff but little is in place for staff

Student success can look different for each student. I would like to see the District celebrate our students successes in social justice endeavours, yahguudang and putting their best efforts forwards. Not every student fits into the square box of high academics and athletic success.

Students with special needs must have the support they need from SEAs to smaller class size.

This is a really hard set of things to prioritize. At this point I don't think we should need to prioritize human rights. That should be a given. Nor do I think we should be prioritizing accessibility. This too should be a given. While mental health is clearly very important, we are not mental health practitioners. Perhaps we need to partner more closely with the health authority.

modernization and accessibility will help students with special needs, and will also help students excel when moving into post secondary.

Too many students with diverse needs are NOT getting the daily assistance they require for classroom success. One adult can not simultaneously assist two ESL learners, one autistic child, two ADHD children, one gifted child, and ten other students PLUS unplug the toilet that didn't get flushed.

Most students don't feel good about themselves. If our focus is numeracy and literacy, we need more staff and resources. Student-led conferences are successful events that bring parents into the schools and allow the students to feel proud as they take responsibility for their learning.

Student success is a priority, and should be defined across a broad spectrum, not just one post-secondary track.

Literacy, numeracy, Family life, Haida culture and language, ability to earn an income

Student Success is my main priority as our goal is to have students leave our district with enough tools to create their own self sufficient path whether it's academics, trades, self employed.

Staff is required and neccesary to facilitate student learning and engagement We also must provide an inclusive learning environment that meets the needs of all students, this is a big task.

Early Years education is extremely important to student success in all learning domains, their brain development is influenced by the time children are 5 years old, our hope is that the Strong Start and Seamless Day programs help set the students up for success in our system, we also hope our system can adapt as needed to ensure student success.

Please list any other high priority budget drivers (priorities) not listed, and why they should be considered as part of the 2023-24 budget process.

fair teacher to admin/exempt staff ratios, ie SD50 is 7:1 while most of BC is 20:1!! FOOD for students!! Counselors at all schools! More Indigenous Represenation in the North End from SD50 admin!!

Foods programs everyday, every school.

Please keep the breakfast and lunch programs. They're integral for building health, wellness and happiness in our kids and have bothered short and long term benefits.

Activity and wellness should be a driver

Ongoing in service for all staff to be up to date on current educational practices to support all learners

Hiring more full time support workers, focusing more on special needs help in all the schools, more speech, and language development therapy sessions at school.

Training for everyone working with special needs children, especially subs

What drivers would students want prioritized?

Accessibility to more outdoor education field trips. More Moresby Adventure camps. More food harvesting and preserving with the students.

Enriched arts programming

Transportation funding for student travel amongst SD50 schools (ie game days, spelling bees, etc at different schools)

Support for teachers supporting extra curricular activities (clubs, sports).

Music, Haida Language and culture, performance arts, trades education.

Expand the language role at GKNS to make also an outreach role. It is important to have a male and female cultural support role.

Staff retention. With the increased demand placed on staff due to the mental health crisis and the high needs the students have, staff need to be able to use their sick days, their discretionary days and have coverage for their time off. I see a burn out scenario for existing staff and new staff leaving because it's too hard. This is quickly going to lead to a similar situation that healthcare finds itself in.

Staff mental well being! Staff continued to work during the one of the most stressful times in educations history. Little supports were available. Staff speed-learning new educational platforms, covering each other when NO TTOC were available, and these extra burdens have left staff exhausted. Some are teachers looking at moving to other districts or retirement sooner then they might have wanted.

Our students will be facing huge local and societal challenges as they become future leaders. To be competitive for post-secondary education and for the job market, SD50 should stay current with courses matching needs. Business, economy, computers, coding, website design - would like to see high schools stay current with the present and future job markets.

Helping to reduce staff burnout.

Have an educational assistant (E.A.) to work with each child who is on an Individual Education Plan (I.E.P.) or a Service Plan (S.P.). These documents are written to support a child with clear goals. But without the adults actually physically present, these plans are only plans and can not be supported.

Learn to read programs such as Flyleaf resources for all schools.

Larger classroom budgets.

Textbook budget-the school I work at has no Science or Math books. We have to find resources online and photocopy them for the students. We also consume expensive single use student workbooks each year in many subjects because we don't have hard copies of reusable resources.

Please examine the cost of monthly PVP meetings which occur during school hours and therefore require a TTOC for each school based administrator. Other staff meetings are required to occur outside of school hours and therefore are no cost to the district.

The Haida Role Model program needs updating. Forms are redundant, and the honorarium rate has not changed for many years. What do other districts pay traditional Indigenous\\\\ knowledge keepers? Has the board looked at this?

Our literacy and numeracy programs need to be robust, our staff require opportunities to explore and implement new strategies and programs.

PAUSE



Goals

Purpose of a budget

Guiding principles

Budget process 2023-2024 school year

Enrolment projections

Revenue

Expenditures

Status quo budget

Budget Risks

Purpose of a Budget Why do we budget?



A Financial Plan to help us achieve our goals and objectives



Aligns financial resources with our vision, mission and values and strategic plan



Provides a basis to monitor our actual versus planned expenditures



Helps communicate how we are allocating our financial resources

Guiding Principles

In developing the annual budget, we will:

- Allocate budget resources consistent with the overall goals and priorities identified in the Strategic Plan and public consultations.
- Maintain reserve balances to respond to emergent needs.
- Only use one-time revenues to fund one-time expenditures.
- Use reasonable estimates of revenue and expense in order to maintain confidence in the budget data.
- Commit to building a strong understanding of budget information through ongoing communication.

What makes a better budget?



Alignment with strategic plan and priorities

Transparency, openness and accessibility

Participative, inclusive and realistic debate

Comprehensive budget accounting

Effective budget execution

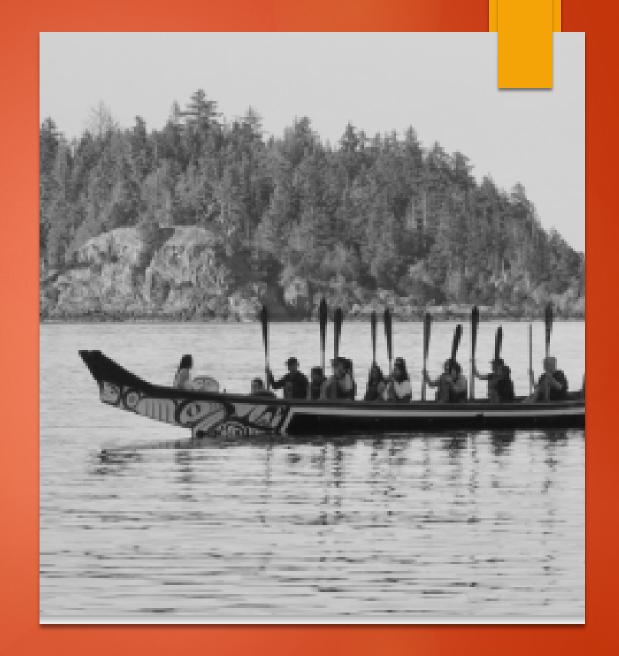
Performance evaluation and value for money

Fiscal risks and sustainability

Quality, integrity and independent audit

Capital budgeting framework

Achievement of district goals is dependent upon the district having a stable financial position built around a sustainable operating budget.



2023/24 Budget Process

Budget Drivers Survey Open	March 1, 2023
Government Funding Announcement/Budget Drivers Survey Closes	March 17, 2023
Budget Planning Process Online TEAMS Meeting	April 12, 2023
Budget Public Online TEAMS Meeting	May 10, 2023
Board Audit & Finance Committee meeting	May 18, 2023
Board Approval – Preliminary Budget (First Reading)	May 30, 2023
Board Approval – Preliminary Budget (Second, Third reading & Adoption of Budget)	June 20, 2023
2023/2024 Amended Annual Budget due	June 20, 2023

Goals

Purpose of a budget

Guiding principles

Budget process 2023-2024 school year

Enrolment projections

Revenue

Expenditures

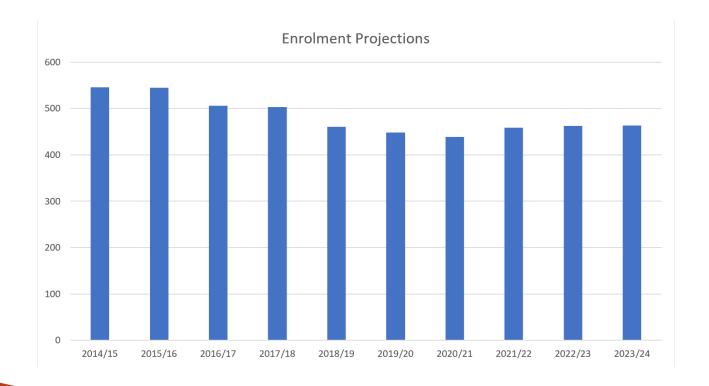
Status quo budget

Budget Risks

Projections – Enrolment

September Enrolment Summary

Category	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Kindergarten-12	545	506	503	461	448	439	458	462	463
Distributed Learning	-	12	. 8	0	0	1	-	-	-
Level 1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Level 2	18	16	18	20	19	17	21	27	24
Level 3	9	11	10	11	7	9	10	13	12
ELL	39	30	43	49	46	43	59	75	75
Indigenous Education	343	307	310	288	291	286	291	297	295
Adult Ed	3	6	7	0	0	-	-	-	-

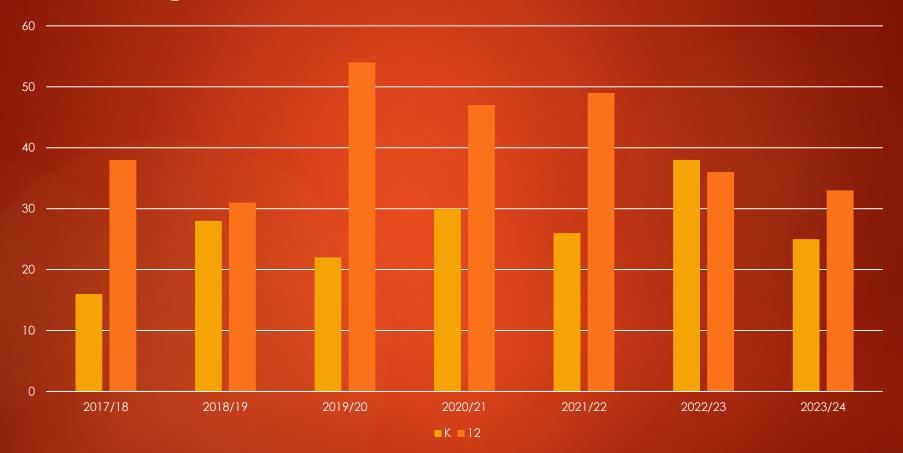


Projections – Enrolment

2023-2024 Enrolment by grade



Kindergarten vs Grade 12 Enrolment



2022 / 2023 PROJECTED ENROLMENT COMPARISON TO PREVIOUS YEAR

	23/24	22/23	Variance
Gudangaay Tlaats'gaa Naay 3	81	77.125	
Gidgalang Kuuyas Naay	109	111	(2)
Port Clements	20	22	(2)
Sk'aadgaa Naay	145	150	(5)
Tahayghen	89	83	6
Agnes L Mathers	19	19	3
Total	463	462.125	9

2022 / 2023 Projected Enrolment by School

School	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Agnes L. Mathers	2	3	1	3	2	3	4	4						22
Port Clements	2	5	1	3	1	2	1	5						20
Sk'aadgaa Naay	21	14	18	16	19	12	23	22						145
Tahayghen	7	13	7	5	13	7	22	21						95
Gudangaay Tlaats'gaa Naay									17	17	17	16	14	81
Gidgalaang Kuuyas Naay									28	20	24	17	20	109
DISTRICT TOTAL	32	35	27	27	35	24	50	52	45	37	41	33	34	472

Goals

Purpose of a budget

Guiding principles

Budget process 2023-2024 school year

Enrolment projections

Revenue

Expenditures

Status quo budget

Budget Risks

Revenue/Funding sources



Three Funding Sources:

Operating

- Instruction
- Administration
- Operations
- Transportation

Special Purpose

- CEF
- LINKS
- LIF
- StrongStart
- AFG-Operating

Capital

- For the purpose of acquiring:
 - Land
 - Buildings &
 - Equipment



Operating

Revenue

Sources of Revenue for School Boards



The majority of school district grants come from provincial grants through the Ministry of Education's funding allocation system.



The School District generates additional revenues from rental of buildings & facilities, interest revenue on short-term deposits.

Provincial Funding

The Ministry of Education establishes an annual budget for all of their responsibilities including provincial operating grants to public schools.

For the 2023/2024 school year SD50 will receive approximately \$11.28 million in operating grants or approximately 0.17% of the total provincial operating grants to public schools.



School Year	Operating Grants (\$ Billions)	Lift from Previous Year
2021/2022	\$5.772	\$340 million
2022/2023	\$5.929	\$157 million
2023/2024	\$6.540	\$611 million



School District Sources of Revenue - Operating

Haida Gwaii

Provincial Grants
93.70%

Miscellaneous Revenue 3.44%

■ Operating Surplus 2.86%

Provincial Average

Provincial Grants

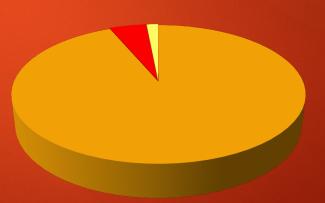
Miscellaneous Revenue

■ Operating Surplus

93.60%

4.89%

1.51%



Allocation for Schools

Teaching Staff is student driven.

Base levels of service exist regardless of size.

EAs are assigned based on identified students.

Supplies dollars are enrolment driven.

Enrolment increases can have a direct impact on schools.

2023/2024 Estimated Grant

								IO. 50 (HAIDA GWAII)						
	SUMMARY	OF (DPERATI	IN	G GF	RANT COMPAI	RIS	SONS For Estimated 20	23/24 & Interim 2	2022	2/23			
	Stimated Grant f	for 2	0023/24						Interim Grant fo	or 2	022/23			
	Zonnatoa Orantioi Zozoiza				internii Grancii		<u>OZZIZO</u>							
SEPTE	MBER 2023 ENRO	DLM	ENT CO	UN	JNT			SEPTEMBER 2022 ENROLMENT COU					Т	
463.00	school age	\$	8,625		\$	3,993,375		462.13	school age	\$	7,885		\$	3,643,856
5.00	homeschools	\$	250		\$	1,250		5.00	\$ -	\$	250		\$	1,250
Total Enrolment-Base	ed Funding (Septe	mbe	er)		\$	3,994,625		Total Enrolment-Based Funding (Septen			r)		\$	3,645,106
	SUPPLEME	NTS					SUPPLEMENTS							
Level 1 Spec Needs	-		49,070		\$	-		Level 1 Spec Needs	1		44,850		\$	44,850
Level 2 Spec Needs	24		23,280		\$	558,720		Level 2 Spec Needs	27		21,280		\$	574,560
Level 3 Spec Needs	12	-	11,760		\$	141,120		Level 3 Spec Needs	13	-	10,750		\$	139,750
Level 5 Spec Weeds		γ.	11,700		7	141,120		Level 5 Spec Necus	13	7	10,730		7	133,730
Eng. Lang Learning	75	\$	1,735		\$	130,125		Eng. Lang Learning	75	\$	1,585		\$	118,875
Indigenous Ed	295	\$	1,710		\$	504,450		Indigenous Ed	297	\$	1,565		\$	464,805
Equity of Opportunity	/ Supplement				\$	32,908		Equity of Opportunity	Supplement				\$	28,329
Supplement for Uniq	ue Student Needs	5			\$	1,367,323		Supplement for Uniqu	e Student Needs				\$	1,371,169
SALARY DIFFERENTIAI	L				\$	165,829		SALARY DIFFERENTIAL					\$	162,565
UNIQUE GEO FACTOR	RS				\$	5,724,202		UNIQUE GEO FACTORS	5				\$	5,492,638
FUNDING PROTECTIO	N				\$	20,769		FUNDING PROTECTION	N				\$	-
CURRICULUM & LEAR	NING SUPPORT F	UND)		\$	10,000		CURRICULUM & LEARNING SUPPORT FUND				\$	10,000	
					_								_	
September Enrolmen	t Count Total				\$	11,282,748		September Enrolment	Count Total				\$	10,681,478
			(in particular in particular		110111111/									

Estimated	Operating	Grante	Overview -	2023/24	4 School Year

School District 50 (Haida Gwaii)

September 2023 Enrolment Count				
	School-Age	Funding		
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Total Supplement
Standard (Regular) Schools	463.0000	\$8,625	\$3,993,375	
Continuing Education	0.0000	\$8,625	\$0	
Alternate Schools	0.0000	\$8,625	\$0	
Online Learning	0.0000	\$6,960	\$0	
Home Schooling	5	\$250	\$1,250	
Course Challenges	0	\$270	\$0	
Total Enrolment-Based Funding (September)	463.0000			\$3,994,625
	Total Enrol.	Funding		
	Change	Level	Funding	Total Supplement
1% to 4% Enrolment Decline	0.8750	\$4,313	\$0	
4%+ Enrolment Decline		\$6,469	\$0	
Significant Cumulative Decline (7%+)	22.3750	\$4,313	\$0	
Supplement for Enrolment Decline				\$0
		Funding		Total
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Supplement
Level 1 Special Needs	0	\$49,070	\$0	
Level 2 Special Needs	24	\$23,280	\$558,720	
Level 3 Special Needs	12	\$11,760	\$141,120	
English Language Learning	75	\$1,735	\$130,125	
Indigenous Education	295	\$1,710	\$504,450	
Adult Education	0.0000	\$5,505	\$0	
Equity of Opportunity Supplement			\$32,908	
Supplement for Unique Student Needs				\$1,367,323
			Funding	
Variance from Provincial Average	\$3,201			
Estimated Number of Educators	25.722		\$82,336	
		Funding		Total
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Supplement
FTE Distribution	463.0000	\$180.33	\$83,493	
Supplement for Salary Differential				\$165,829
Supplement for Unique Geographic Factors				\$5,724,202
Funding Protection				\$20,769
Curriculum and Learning Support Fund				\$10,000

		5011001	District 50	(Ilaida Owa
July 2023 Enrolment Count				
		Funding		
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Total Supplem
Summer Learning Grade 1-7	0	\$245		\$0
Summer Learning Grade 8-9	0	\$245	:	\$0
Summer Learning Grade 10-12	0	\$490		\$0
Supplemental Summer Learning Funding				\$0
Cross-Enrolment, Grade 8 and 9	0	\$490		\$0
Summer Learning, Total				
February 2024 Enrolment Count				
	Enrolment	Funding Level	Funding	Total Supplem
School-Age FTE - Continuing Education	0.0000	\$8,625		so supplem
Adult FTE - Continuing Education	0.0000	\$5,505		\$0
K-Gr 9 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	0.0000	\$3,303		so
Gr 10-12 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	0.0000	\$6,960		\$0 \$0
-	0.0000	\$5,505		
Adult FTE - Online Learning	0.0000	\$5,505	-	\$0
Level 1 Special Needs Enrolment Growth	0	\$24,535		şo
Level 2 Special Needs Enrolment Growth	0	\$11,640	:	\$0
Level 3 Special Needs Enrolment Growth	0	\$5,880		\$0
Newcomer Refugees	0.0000	\$4,313		so
ELL Supplement - Newcomer Refugees	0.0000	\$868		so
February 2024 Enrolment Count, Total		your		
May 2024 Enrolment Count				
		Funding	_	Total
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Supplement
School-Age FTE - Continuing Education	0.0000	\$8,625		\$0
Adult FTE - Continuing Education	0.0000	\$5,505	:	80

		Funding		Total
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Supplement
School-Age FTE - Continuing Education	0.0000	\$8,625	\$0	
Adult FTE - Continuing Education	0.0000	\$5,505	\$0	
(-Gr 9 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	0.0000	\$2,320	\$0	
Gr 10-12 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	0.0000	\$6,960	\$0	
Adult FTE - Online Learning	0.0000	\$5,505	\$0	

23/24 Full-Year Estimated Total

\$11,282,74

2023/2024 Estimated Grant Estimated Operating Grant Overview 2023-24 (gov.bc.ca)

September 2022 Enrolment Count					July 2022 Enrolment Count	
	School-Age	Funding				
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Total Supplement		Enr
Standard (Regular) Schools	462.1250	\$7,885	\$3,643,856		Summer Learning Grade 1-7	
Continuing Education	0.0000	\$7,885	\$0		Summer Learning Grade 8-9	
Alternate Schools	0.0000	\$7,885	\$0		Summer Learning Grade 10-12	
Online Learning	0.0000	\$6,360	\$0		Supplemental Summer Learning Funding	
Home Schooling	5	\$250	\$1,250		Cross-Enrolment, Grade 8 and 9	
Course Challenges	0	\$246	\$0		Summer Learning, Total	
Total Enrolment-Based Funding (September)	462.1250			\$3,645,106		
					February 2023 Enrolment Count	
	Total Enrol.	Funding				
	Change	Level	Funding	Total Supplement		Enr
1% to 4% Enrolment Decline	3.6875	\$3,943	\$0		School-Age FTE - Continuing Education	
4%+ Enrolment Decline		\$5,914	\$0		Adult FTE - Continuing Education	
Significant Cumulative Decline (7%+)	10.3750	\$3,943	\$0		K-Grade 9 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	
Supplement for Enrolment Decline				\$0	Grade 10-12 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	
					Adult FTE - Online Learning	
		Funding				
	Enrolment	Level	Funding	Total Supplement	Level 1 Special Needs Enrolment Growth	
Level 1 Special Needs	1	\$44,850	\$44,850		Level 2 Special Needs Enrolment Growth	
Level 2 Special Needs	27	\$21,280	\$574,560		Level 3 Special Needs Enrolment Growth	
Level 3 Special Needs	13	\$10,750	\$139,750	+	Newcomer Refugees	
English Language Learning	75	\$1,585	\$118,875		ELL Supplement - Newcomer Refugees	
Indigenous Education	297	\$1,565	\$464,805		February 2023 Enrolment Count, Total*	
Adult Education	0.0000	\$5,030	\$0			
Equity of Opportunity Supplement			\$28,329			
Supplement for Unique Student Needs				\$1,371,169	May 2023 Enrolment Count	
						_
					0.1	Enre
	40.000			т	School-Age FTE - Continuing Education	
Variance from Provincial Average	\$3,086 25.674		ć70 220		Adult FTE - Continuing Education	
Estimated Number of Educators	25.674	F d'a	\$79,230	1	K-Grade 9 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	
	Enrolment	Funding Level	Franklina	Total Complement	Grade 10-12 School-Age FTE - Online Learning	
FTE Distribution			Funding \$83,335	Total Supplement		
Supplement for Salary Differential	462.1250	\$180.33	\$83,333	\$162,565	Adult FTE - Online Learning May 2023 Enrolment Count, Total*	
Supplement for Salary Differential				\$102,565	way 2023 Enrolment Count, Total	
Supplement for Unique Goographic Factors				\$5,492,638		
Supplement for Unique Geographic Factors				11, 1		
				\$0		
Funding Protection Curriculum and Learning Support Fund				\$10,000	2022/23 Full-Year Estimated Operating Grant Total	

2022/2023 Interim Grant

Funding

Funding Level

0.0000

0.0000

0.0000

0.0000

0.0000

0.0000

0.0000

0.0000

\$7,885

\$5,030 \$3,180

\$6,360

\$5,030 \$22,425 \$10,640

Funding

\$7,885

\$2,120

\$6,360

\$224 \$224

\$448

Total Supplement

Total Supplement

\$0

\$0

\$0

Funding

Curriculum & Learning Support

Summer Learning February/May DL Enrolment Count

Basic Allocation
Standard (Regular)
\$8,625 per school
age FTE regular,
continuing and
alternate school
student

Funding Protection

Funding Allocation

Basic Student
Allocation \$6,960
per school age FTE
DL student

Unique Geographic Factors

> Teacher Salary Differential

Unique student needs

Enrolment Decline

Small Comm. Funding
Low Enrolment factor
Rural Factor
Climate Factor
Sparseness Factor
Student Location Factor

Level 1 SN \$49,070 Level 2 SN \$23,280 Level 3 SN \$11,760 ELL: \$1,735 Indigenous Education \$

Indigenous Education \$1,710 Adult Education \$5,505

Funding Protection overview

Funding Protection began in 2007/2008 to ensure no decrease in funding from the previous year. For a period of time this was 100%.

For 2012/2013 school year this percentage dropped to 98.5%

In 2011/2012 – a high of 42 of 60 districts received funding protection. For 2023/2024 - 10 of 60 districts are estimated to receive funding protection.

If more students than projected arrive in September 2023, the district will not receive additional funding up to \$20,769.

23-24 FP \$20,769 - 22-23 FP ZERO

SD50 Revenue Reality for 2023/24

- 2022/23 Interim Ministry Grant \$10,681,478
- 2023/24 Estimated Operating \$11,282,748
- Overall increase of \$601,270 Operating
 - Main reason due increased funding for labour settlement increases.

Special Purpose

- Classroom Enhancement Fund (CEF)
- LINKS
- StrongStart
- Learning Improvement Fund (LIF)
- Annual Facility Grant (AFG)Operating

SUMMARY OF GRANTS TO DATE

						Ready	
Year	Classroom	Learning	Community		Strong	Set	Seamless
	Enhancement	Improvement	Link	AFG (Op)	Start	Learn	Day K
2022/23	765,305	35,643	113,083	101,014	96,000	9,800	50,000
2023/24	931,039	42,707	120,175	110,411	96,000	9,800	50,000

GRANTS coming soon

Year	Feeding Futures Fund	Labour Settlement Cost of Living Adjustment
2023/24	350,000	TBD

Capital

- For the purpose of acquiring:
 - Land
 - Buildings &
 - Equipment

Types of capital funding

Annual Facility Grant (AFG) Capital

Ministry Capital School Enhancement Program (SEP)

Playground Enhancement Program (PEP)

Carbon Neutral Capital Program (CNCP)

Ministry Capital examples

HVAC upgrade

Roofing

Bus

Plumbing upgrades

Dust collectors

Goals

Purpose of a budget

Guiding principles

Budget process 2023-2024 school year

Enrolment projections

Revenue

Expenditures

Status quo budget

Budget Risks

Expenditures



SD50 Operating Expenditures

School Districts allocate their spending between FOUR key functional areas:

- Instruction
- Administration
- Operations
- Transportation



Operating Expenditures by Function

Haida Gwaii

■ Instruction 66.63%

Administration 7.21%

■ Operations 23.03%

■ Transportation 3.13%

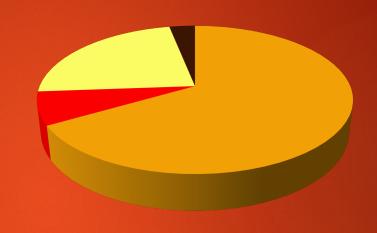
Provincial Average

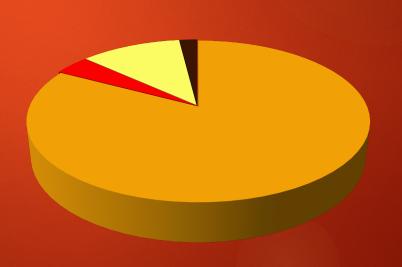
■ Instruction 82.74%

Administration 3.97%

Operations 11.30%

■ Transportation 1.98%





Operating Expenditures by Category

Haida Gwaii

■ Salaries/Benefits 77.57%

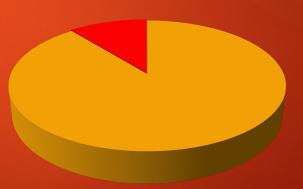
Services/Supplies 22.43%



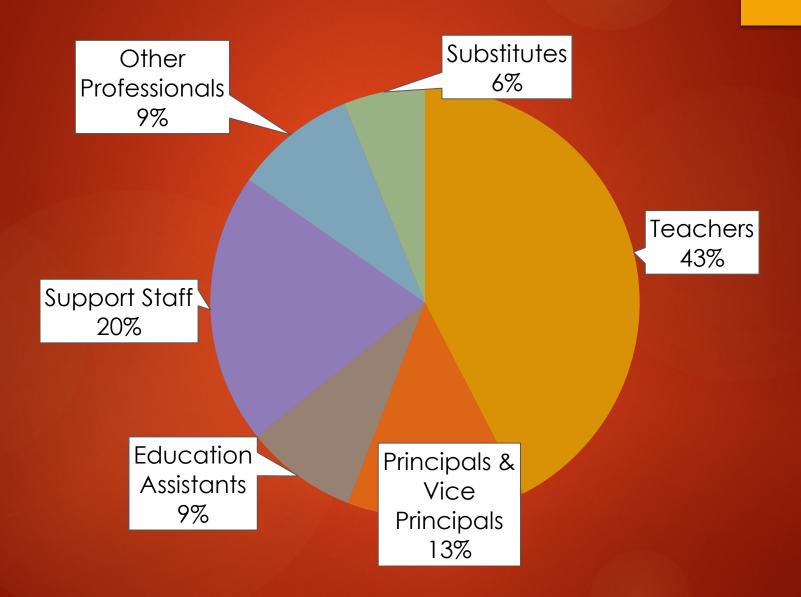
Provincial Average

■ Salaries/Benefits 89.11%

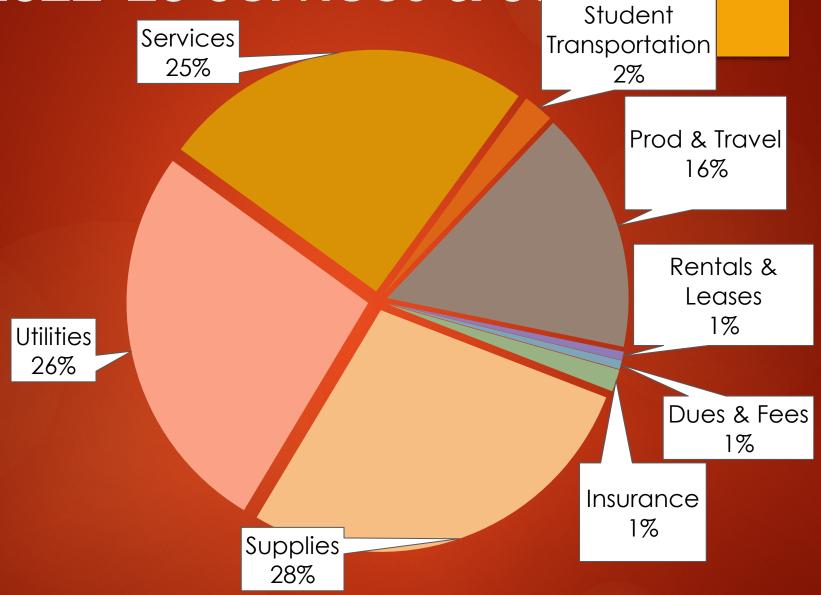
Services/Supplies 10.89%



2022-23 A-Annual Budget



2022-23 Services & Supplies





	2022/2023	2023/2024	
Teachers	40.853 FTE	40.853 FTE	
(includes counsellors, scho	ol pyschologists, H	laida curriculum)	
Support Staff	45.20 FTE	45.20 FTE	
(includes EAs, Maintenance	e, Admin assistants	, IRW, Library,	
Custodians, Bus drivers, Ad	counting Clerks, F	ood Coordinators)	
Principals	7.0 FTE	7.0 FTE	
Exempt	6.8 FTE	5.8 FTE	

STAFFING

Goals

Purpose of a budget

Guiding principles

Budget process 2023-2024 school year

Enrolment projections

Revenue

Expenditures

Status quo budget

Budget Risks

Status quo budget

- Context
- 2023-2024 Revenue reality
- Keep existing services and staffing levels
- Surplus remaining

SD50 Revenue Reality for 2023/24

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- Overall increase of \$601,270 Operating
 - Main reason due increased funding for labour settlement increases.

	AAB 2022/2023	STATUS QUO 2023/2024	% INCREASES	STATUS QUO 2023/2024
Total Operating Revenue (EST)	11,816,957	12,010,594	-	12,010,594
Teachers ers	3,257,554	3,257,554	6.75%	3,477,439
Principals and Vice Principals	1,028,130	1,028,130	6.75%	1,097,529
Educational Assistants	648,888	648,888	6.75%	692,688
Support Staff	1,567,157	1,567,157	6.75%	1,672,940
Other Professionals	705,199	705,199	6.75%	752,800
Substitutes	470,762	470,762	6.75%	502,538
Benefits	1,757,657	1,757,657	2.00%	1,792,810
Total Salaries and Benefits	9,435,347	9,435,347		9,988,744
Total Service and Supplies	2,729,066	2,729,066		2,729,066
Total Operating Expense Total Operating Expense	12,164,413	12,164,413		12,717,810
DEFICIT - Revenue less Expense DEFICIT - Revenue less Expense	(347,456)	153,819		(707,216)
Prior year surplus available Prior year surplus available	1,013,483	666,027 666,027		666,027
Remaining Surplus available Remaining Surplus available	666,027 666,027	(41,189 512,208		(41,189)

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Prior year surplus available	1,013,483	666,027		666,027
Remaining Surplus available	666,027	512,208		(41,189)

Next steps

Continue

Continue conversation with Principals around staffing for next school year. So far, we have met with three school.

Input

Input staffing and roll forward teacher categories and steps into budget sheets.

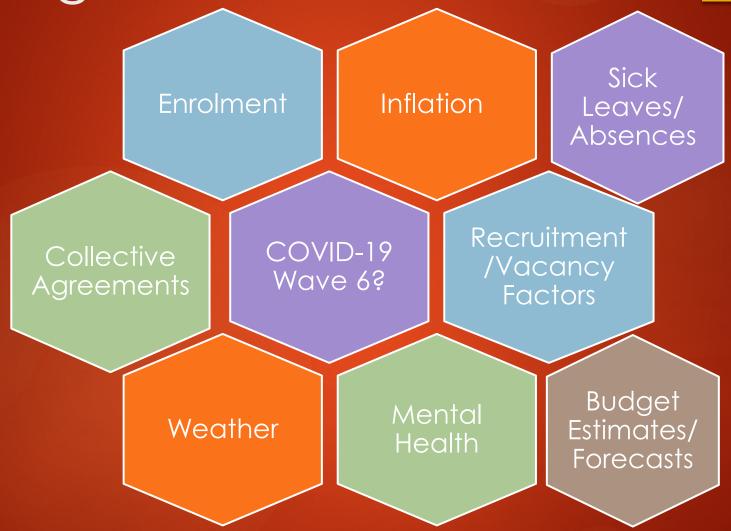
Ensure

Ensure
Education
Assistant and
all Support
staff are
inputted in
draft
budget.

Review

Review overall budget reality and revisit where necessary.

Budget Risks



Possible Questions!

Is each \$ being put to efficient use for the benefit of our students?

Are there better ways of doing business?

Are the district's priorities where they should be?

Partnership opportunities?

Revenue opportunities?



Summary

- The budget process is difficult. There will be funding challenges and cost pressures to deal with.
- We are looking for areas of efficiencies to enable innovative methods of instruction.

▶Further comments or questions email kblack@sd50.bc.ca